

O2/27/2019 Lee County Electric Cooperative, Inc. Post Office Box 3455 North Fort Myers, FL 33918-3455 (239) 995-2121 • Fax (239) 995-7904 www.lcec.net

Report

February 27, 2019

Lee County Electric Cooperative, Inc. (LCEC) PO Box 3455 N Ft Myers, FL 33918-3455

Mr. Thomas Ballinger, Director Engineering Division Florida Public Service Commission 2540 Shumard Oak Boulevard Tallahassee, Florida 32399-0850

Dear Mr. Ballinger,

Please find enclosed Lee County Electric Cooperative, Inc.'s (LCEC) Annual Report on Standards of Construction, Facility Inspections, and Vegetation Management for calendar year 2018. This filing is pursuant to Rule 25-6.0343 F.A.C.

Also enclosed is a matrix that summarizes many of LCEC's activities for the calendar year 2018.

If you have any questions, please do not hesitate to call me (239) 656-2347.

Sincerely,

s/ Charise Swanson

Charise Swanson Director, Corporate Services, Chief Risk & Compliance Officer

cc: Allan Ruth Shawn Walling

Annual Report on Lee County Electric Cooperative, Inc.'s (LCEC) Standards of Construction, Facility Inspections, and Vegetation Management for calendar year 2018

Standards of Construction:

- a) LCEC's construction standards comply with the National Electrical Safety Code (ANSI C-2) [NESC]. Electrical facilities constructed through December 31, 2018 comply with the edition of the code in effect at the time of the facility's initial construction.
- b) LCEC has construction standards, for required facilities, that meet the extreme wind loading standards specified by Figure 250-2(d) of the 2012 edition of the NESC.
- c) Although not waterproof, LCEC's equipment and constructed facilities are designed to be water resistant. The majority of our underground facilities (excluding conduits and cables) are at or above existing/surrounding grade.
- d) Although often at odds with the desires of customers and governmental entities, LCEC's current practice is to place the majority of new and replacement distribution facilities in the front of lots. This does provide in most cases the safest and most efficient access for installation and maintenance. If necessary, easements for placement of distribution facilities are requested from customers.
- e) LCEC's standards for joint use provide clearances (distances) for conductors, equipment, and risers. The joint use agreements that are entered into with pole attachment parties detail the process for evaluating pole loading capacity. Additionally, the agreements define the responsibilities for pole reliability and upgrading. Currently, LCEC does not permit attachments to transmission poles.

Facility Inspections:

a) <u>Transmission inspection 2-year cycle (138 kV)</u>: Inspect all poles and structures by either climbing or with the use of a bucket truck. Inspect poles, structures, guys, anchors, insulators, crossarms, conductors, shield wires, right-of-way, for any structural deficiency or any situation that may impact the structural integrity of the facility. Inspections are conducted by either climbing the pole/structure or with the use of a bucket truck.

<u>Distribution inspection: 2-year cycle visual inspection</u>: Single Phase, visually inspect all poles for splitting, cracking, visual decal, twisting, and bird damage. Patch minor woodpecker holes. <u>10-year cycle climbing the pole inspection</u>: Inspect all three phase poles for splitting, cracking, visual decay, twisting, and bird damage. Patch minor woodpecker holes. When digging around ground line of poles for ground rod checks, check pole for ground rot. Sounding and assessing each pole for deteriorating by probing with a screwdriver. Examine

concrete poles for evidence of cracks and physical damage. Plumb poles if they are (1+) pole top out of plumb. In 2015 LCEC implemented a multi-year Targeted Pole Change Out initiative, a proactive step towards replacing poles nearing the end of their life expectancy.

In 2018 LCEC inspected 1,342 out of a total of 2,320 transmission poles and structures. This included 57.8% of the 138 kV facilities. This was 100% of scheduled.

In 2018, LCEC completed inspections on 36,102 distribution poles. This was 172% of inspections scheduled and 22.3% of total poles.

During the 2018 inspection of the transmission facilities, 24 poles (1.8% of inspected) failed inspection criteria. Of these, 24 failed due to rot, 0 to woodpecker damage, 0 concrete due to life expectancy.

During the 2018 inspection of the distribution facilities, 369 poles (0.8% of inspected) failed inspection criteria. Of these, 279 failed due to rot/split top, 83 failed due to out of plumb, and 7 failed due to woodpecker damage.

In 2018, LCEC replaced 20 transmission structures due to rot. The replacement poles are concrete and steel; the majority being concrete

In 2018, LCEC repaired through re-plumbing 83 poles; repaired through trussing 0 (2.4% of total that failed inspection); and repaired through patching 7 (0.2% of total that failed inspection). The replaced poles consisted of four (4) Class-1; ten (10) Class-2; twenty four (24) Class-3; fifty one (51) Class-4; one hundred fifty six (156) Class-5; forty one (41) Class-6.

Vegetation Management:

- (a) LCEC has developed the following Vegetation Management Program for the control of vegetation on its distribution facilities. This Program covers the maintenance of vegetation for the 3,957 miles of single, double and three-phase distribution lines. Goals and strategies of the program are:
 - 1) Maintain reliability of the distribution lines by controlling vegetation to meet the requirements of NESC and ANSI.
 - 2) Strategies for control include cultural, mechanical, manual, and chemical treatments.
 - 3) LCEC's practices planned circuit trimming on a six year cycle for single phase and a three year cycle for double and three phase distribution.
 - 4) Approved procedures include directional trim techniques per ANSI A300 standard. Maintain side clearance of 8-10 feet or employ the use of directional trim technique of taking the cut to the next lateral beyond the standard clearance point. Standard ground/horizontal clearance is one foot below the lower most cable attachment or 12 feet from the primary,

whichever is greater. Palm trees are tipped back so fronds will not make contact with the primary when they drop. Overhang less than 15 feet above the primary is removed. All vines are cut and sprayed.

LCEC's <u>TREES (To Respect Electricity and the Environment Safely</u>) communication program focuses on planting and landscaping. Key messages are incorporated into the customer newsletter at least twice a year. Door hangers with brochures containing detailed information about planting the right tree in the right place are distributed throughout neighborhoods prior to circuit trimming. Through LCEC's Public Relations Department, presentations are used to promote smart landscaping to city government, builders and local agencies.

LCEC maintains a quarterly ground inspection of ROW Restriction Vegetation with trim/maintenance done as required.

2018 Vegetation Management Schedule									
	YE Actual	YE Goal	% YE						
Three-phase trimming*	537	537	100.0%						
Single-phase trimming*	428	428	100.0%						
Transmission mowing and Trimming*	7.60	7.60	100.0%						
138 kV inspection	Jan thru Dec	Annual	100.0%						
ROW Restriction Inspection/Maintenance	Q2, Q4	Bi-Annually	100.0%						

(b) 2018's Planned Vegetation Management for transmission and distribution was completed as follows:

* Miles

				Sum	mary of Rural Elec	ctric Cooperative	Utility Reports Purs	uant to Rule 25-6.0343, F.	A.C. – Calendar Year 201	7			
	The extent to which Standards of Construction address:						Тг	ansmission & Distribution	Facility Inspections:		Vegetation Management:		
		Guided by Extreme Wind Loading per Figure 250-2(d)											
Utility	Comply with the 2007 NESC on or after 2/1/2007	New Const.	Major Planned Work, Expansion, Rebuild, or Relocation	Targeted Critical Infrastructure and major thoroughfares	Effects of flooding & storm surges on UG & OH distribution facilities	Placement of distribution facilities to facilitates safe and efficient access	Written safety, pole reliability, pole loading capacity, and engineering stds for Attachments	Description of policies, guidelines, practices, procedures, cycles	No. & Pct. of poles & structures planned & completed	No. & Pct. of poles & structures failing inspection w/ reasons	No. & Pct. of poles & structures, by class, replaced or remediated w/ description	Description of policies, guidelines, practices, procedures, tree removals, w/ sufficiency explanation.	Quantify, level, & scope planned and completed for transmission and distribution.
Lee County Electric Cooperative Inc.	Yes.	ę	uided by 2012 Fig	ure 250-2(d).	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	T: 2-Yr full D: 10-Yr	T: Planned 1,342 pole inspections (57.8% of all 138 kV poles) completed 100%. D: Planned 20,892 (12.9% of Total Population) Completed 36,102 (172% of Planned)	T: 1.8% (24) failed inspection 24 decay, 0 woodpecker, 0 to life expectancy. D: 369 Failed (0.8% of total inspected); 279 rot/split top; 83 out of plumb; 7 woodpecker damage	T: 20 replaced in 2018. D: Replumb 83; Patch 7; Trussed 0; Replaced 4 Class 1; 10 Class 2; 24 Class 3; 51 class 4; 156 Class 5; and 41 Class 6.	T; 138KV Annual D: Circuit Trim 3-Yr Cycle for 2&3 Phase circuits; 6-Yr Cycle for 1 Phase circuits	T; inspection 100% of plan T: Mowing 100% D: 100.0% of plan