

July 9, 2008

**Florida Public Service Commission Rulemaking
FPL Proposal for a Florida Renewable Portfolio Standard (RPS)**

- 1. In order to best ensure an optimal design and implementation of a Florida RPS, there is a need for more education, information, and analysis.**
- 2. The primary objective of a Florida RPS should be to reduce emissions of Greenhouse Gases from the production of electricity with a focus on solar and wind while increasing energy security, maintaining reliable electric service and reasonable electricity prices for customers.**
- 3. A Florida RPS should foremost value clean/renewable energy sources that have the greatest effect on the objective of reducing Greenhouse Gas emissions. Therefore, clean energy sources such as nuclear, wind, and solar, as well as carbon reductions due to energy efficiency, e.g., modernizations of less fuel efficient plants, should be recognized and play prominent roles in meeting a Florida RPS.**
- 4. To encourage the development of and investment in clean/renewable energy sources, up-front and expedited prudence determinations and cost recovery approvals with administrative finality are essential.**
- 5. Electric customers should be informed of their contribution to meeting a Florida RPS.**
- 6. The Florida Public Service Commission (FPSC) should set and periodically review the RPS targets to ensure they can be met without imposing unacceptable costs or adverse reliability effects on customers.**
- 7. In order to prevent Florida from becoming economically disadvantaged by higher electricity costs, a Florida RPS should be adjusted/harmonized with a Federal standard should one become law.**
- 8. The methods and incentives for complying with a Florida RPS need to be consistent with the objective to reduce emissions of Greenhouse Gases from the production of electricity with a focus on solar and wind while increasing energy security, maintaining reliable electric service and reasonable electricity prices for customers.**